

Striving Toward Improved Efficiency and Profitability Through Equipment Investments and Wash-Pack Improvements for Leafy Greens at North Point Community Farm

By Marisa Lenetsky and Mike Champagne



North Point Community Farm

An aerial photograph of a large-scale vegetable farm. The foreground and middle ground are dominated by neat, parallel rows of various green leafy vegetables, likely kale or collard greens, planted in a grid pattern. A red tractor is visible in the middle ground, moving through the rows. To the right, there are several long, covered walkways or greenhouses with translucent plastic covers. In the background, a dense line of trees separates the farm from a clear blue sky. The overall scene is bright and well-maintained.

Established 2022

25 acres of diversified vegetables

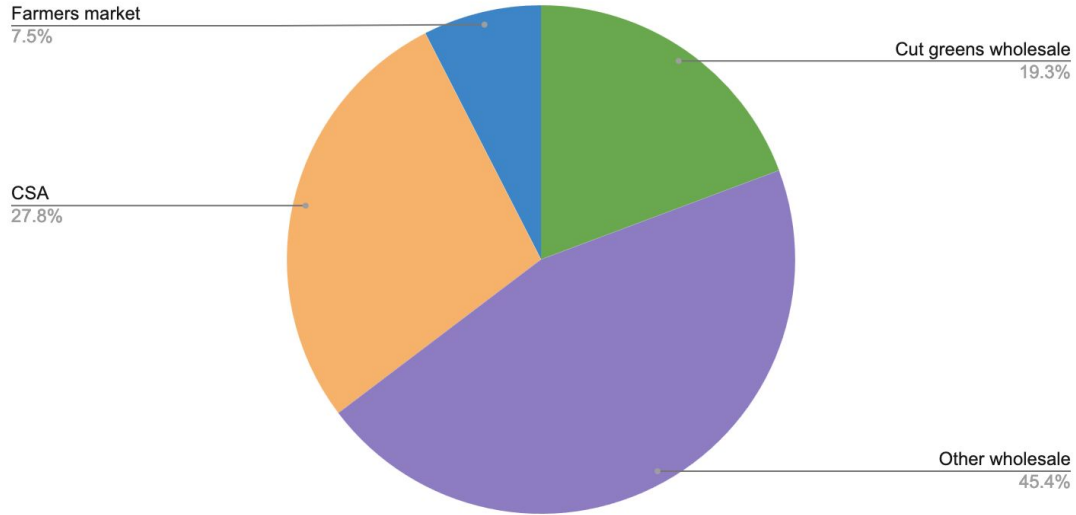
250 member CSA

2 Local farmers markets

Regional and local wholesale program

Unexpected leafy greens market

2022 gross income



Changes Over the Years

2022: Started with 3 row Jang seeder

2023: Moved 3 Jang units around toolbar to achieve 9 rows

2024: Purchased 20 row Sutton Ag seeder



Our Seedbed Preparation

Offset Disk, Rock pick, Fertilize, Chisel plow, Perfecta, Cultipack or Rototill



Seeding Frequencies

We sow Arugula, Salad Mix, Mustard Mix every week for 30 weeks

Spinach 6 weeks in spring and 6 weeks in fall

Timed around rain if possible! We irrigate with Meganet wobblers post seeding



Weed Control

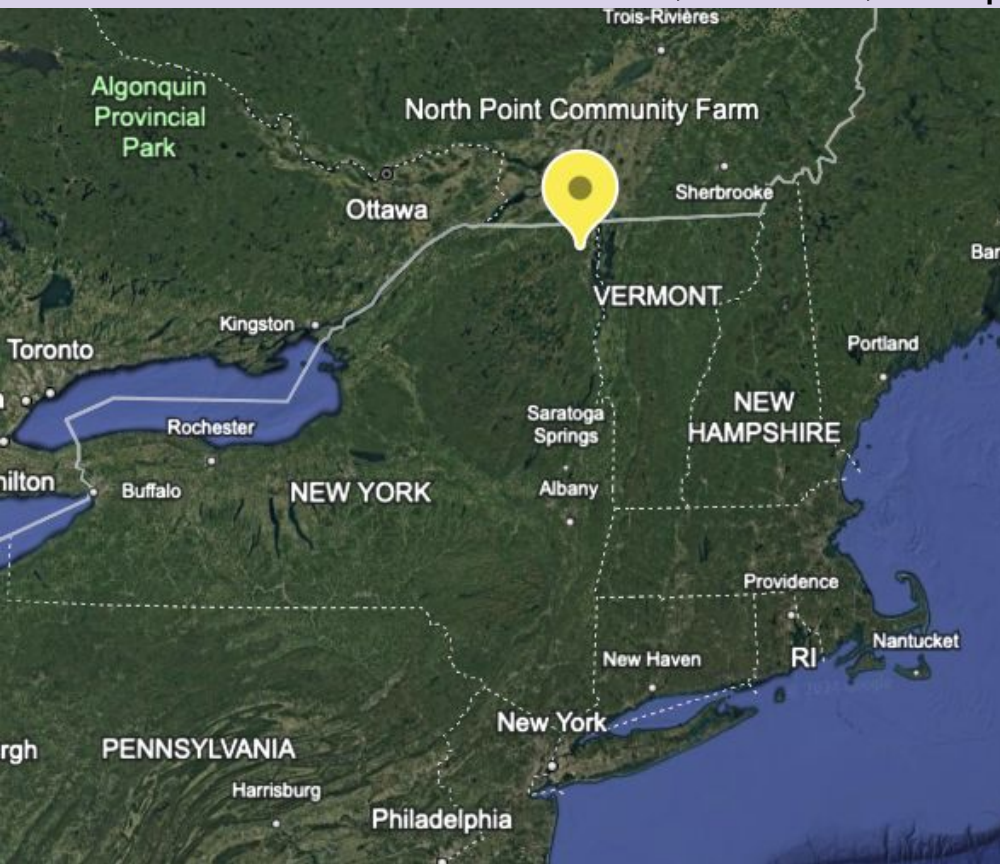
Cover crops as smother crops

Stale bed with perfecta harrow pre seeding

Tine weed 3-7 days after germination
depending on crop



Location, rotation, and pest management



Evolution of Hand Harvest to Mechanical Harvest



Optimizing time, space, and weeds

Transitioning from multiple cuts to one per succession

Exponential increase in profitability

Evolution of Hand Harvest to Mechanical Harvest



Method of harvest

Person hours/100 pounds

Hand cut

2 hours

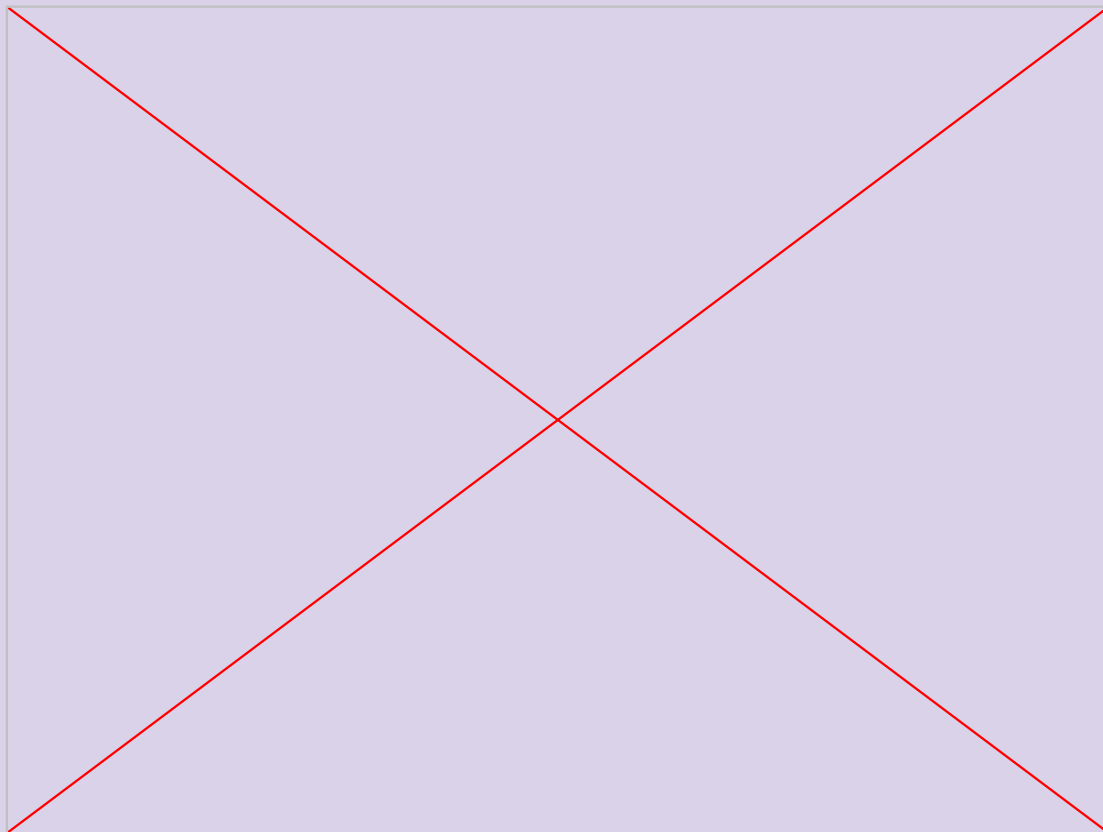
Quick-cut harvester

0.5 hours

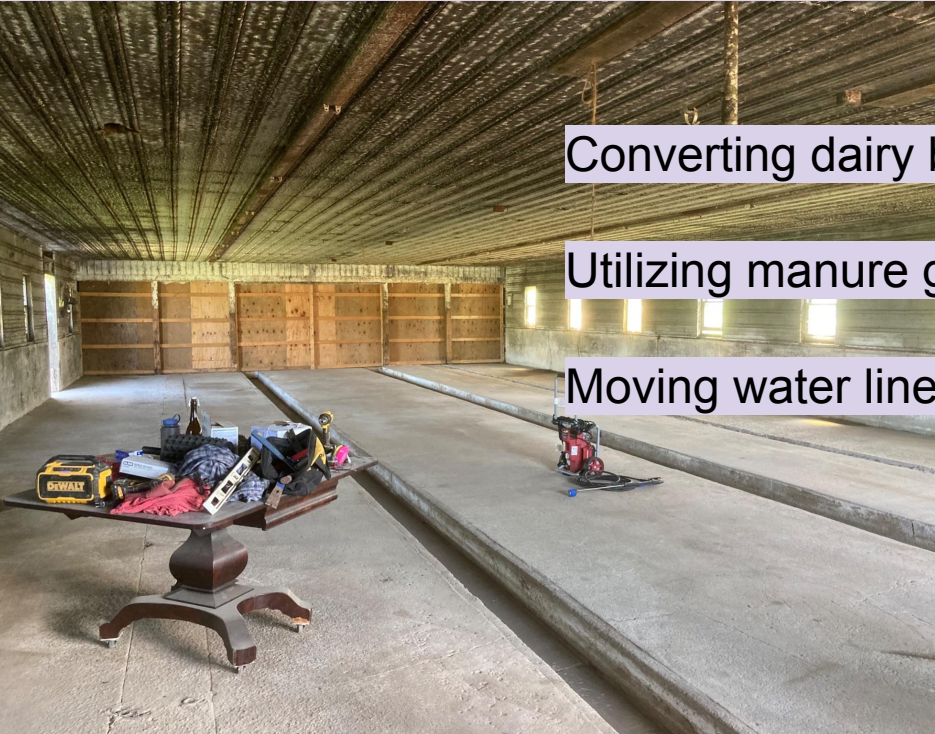
Sutton HarveStar

0.5 hours

HarveStar in Action



Evolution of Wash Pack Barn



Converting dairy barn to vegetable wash pack

Utilizing manure gutters for drainage

Moving water lines to ceiling



Efficiency by moving pallets instead of bins



Wash pack Improvements for leafy greens production



Stainless steel pack tables with fans

100 gallon Rubbermaid to 1,000 gallon stainless steel divided sink with bubblers

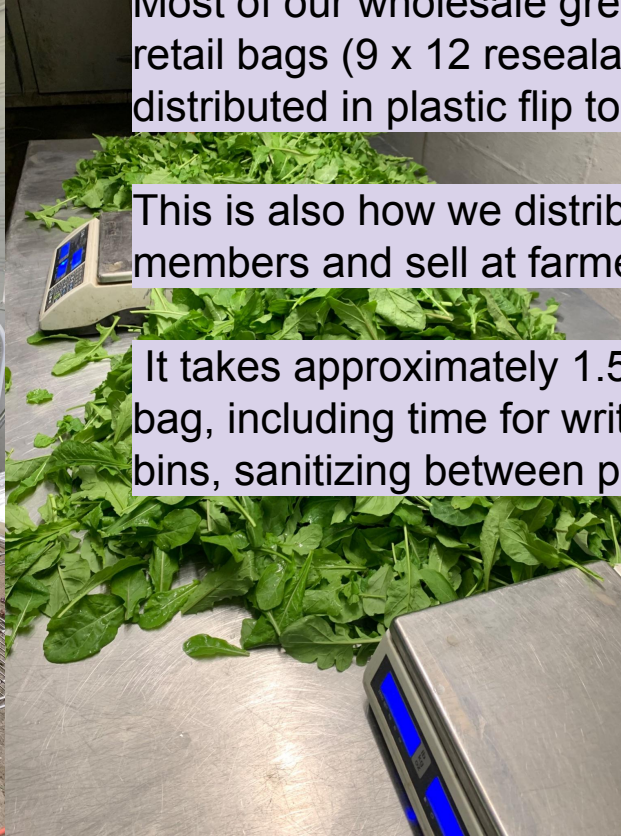
2 converted washing machine spinners

Final steps to finished product

Most of our wholesale greens are sold in ½# retail bags (9 x 12 resealable) and then distributed in plastic flip top bins

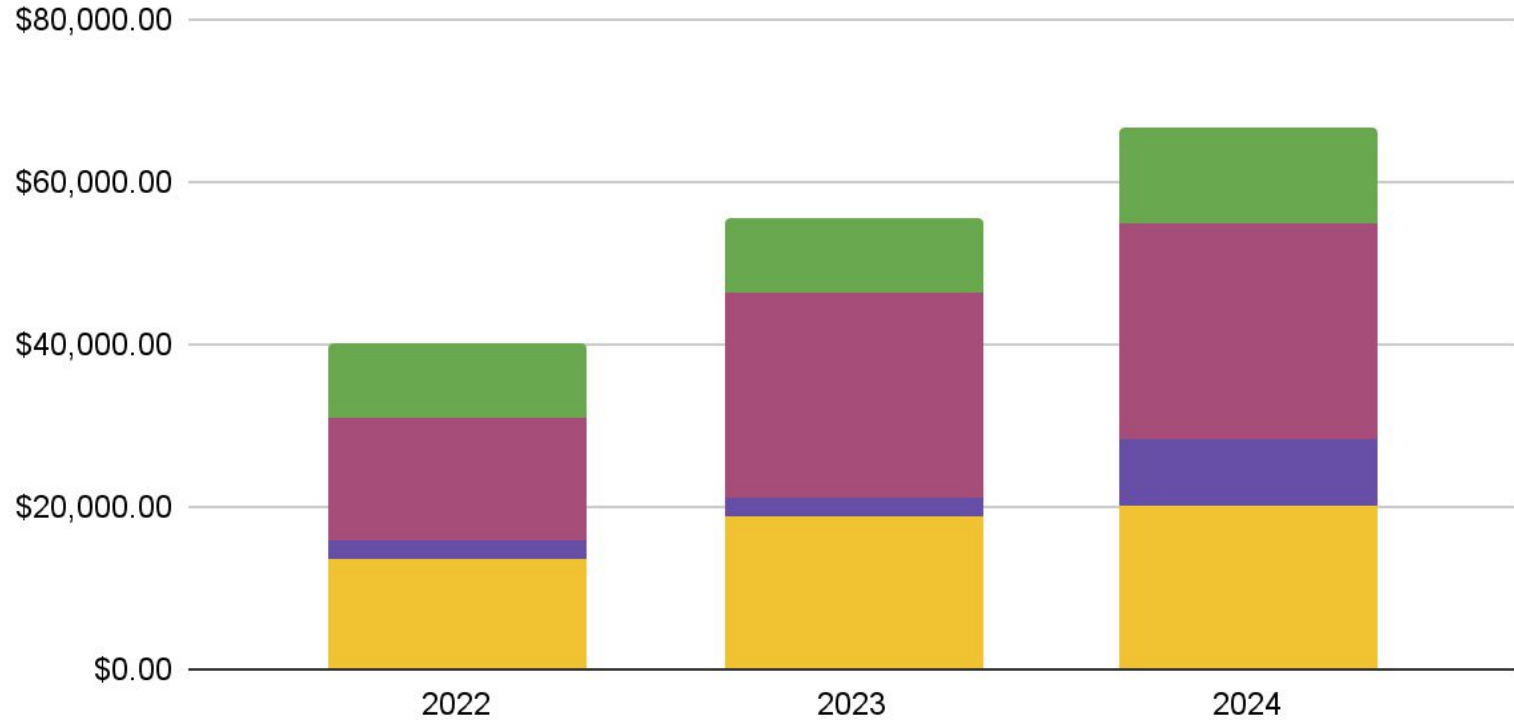
This is also how we distribute greens to CSA members and sell at farmers market

It takes approximately 1.5 minutes per retail bag, including time for writing labels, packing bins, sanitizing between products, etc.



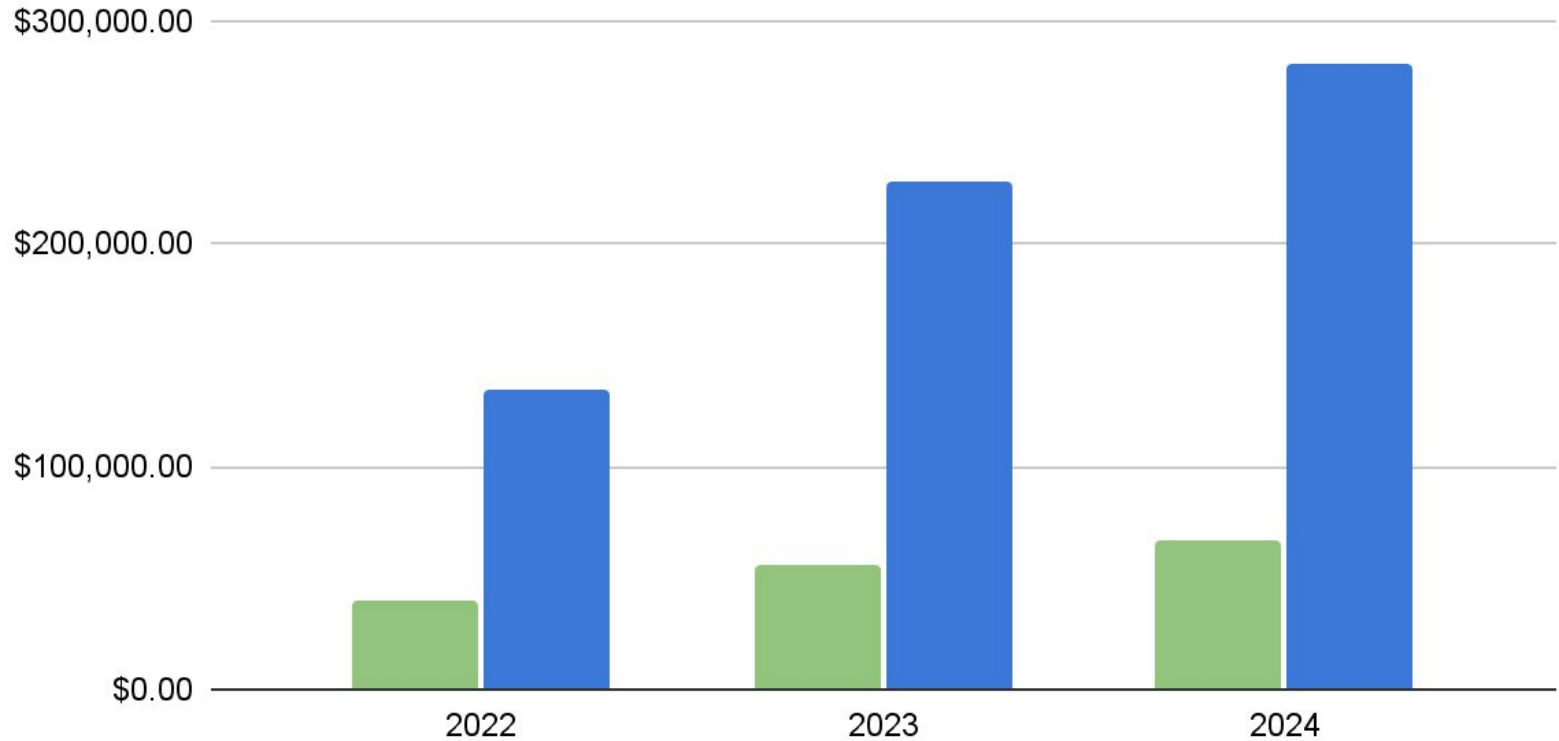
Cut greens wholesale income

Spinach Salad mix Baby kale Arugula



Cut greens and wholesale income

Cut greens Wholesale income





100 pounds of salad mix (200 retail bags)

Wholesale value = \$1,200

Seed cost

~ 1/3 # seed per 100 # salad mix = \$75

Seeding/cultivation/irrigation labor

~ 5 hours @ \$20/hr to prep, seed, weed, irrigate 5 bed block.

100 # = ~ 1/2 bed = \$10

Harvest labor

30 min @ \$18/hr = \$9

Wash/dry labor

1 hour @ \$18/hr = \$18

Bagging/packing labor

45 min x 4 people @ \$18/hr = \$54

Bag

100 bags @ \$0.1/bag = \$10

Delivery

~ \$300 in gas + \$300 in labor = \$600

100 bags ~ 1/8 of a truck load = \$75

Total costs of production = \$251

Net profit = \$949

Margin = ~79%

Goals & Aspirations



More consistent salad mix germination, moving to pelleted seed

Stone Burier for perfect bed tops

Upgraded drying equipment for speed and food safety

GAPs Certified for increased market access

Thank You!

