

# Fine Tuning Fertilizer Applications for Small Fruit

Mary Concklin  
Extension Educator Emerita  
Fruit Production & IPM

**UConn** | COLLEGE OF AGRICULTURE,  
HEALTH AND NATURAL RESOURCES

PLANT SCIENCE AND LANDSCAPE ARCHITECTURE

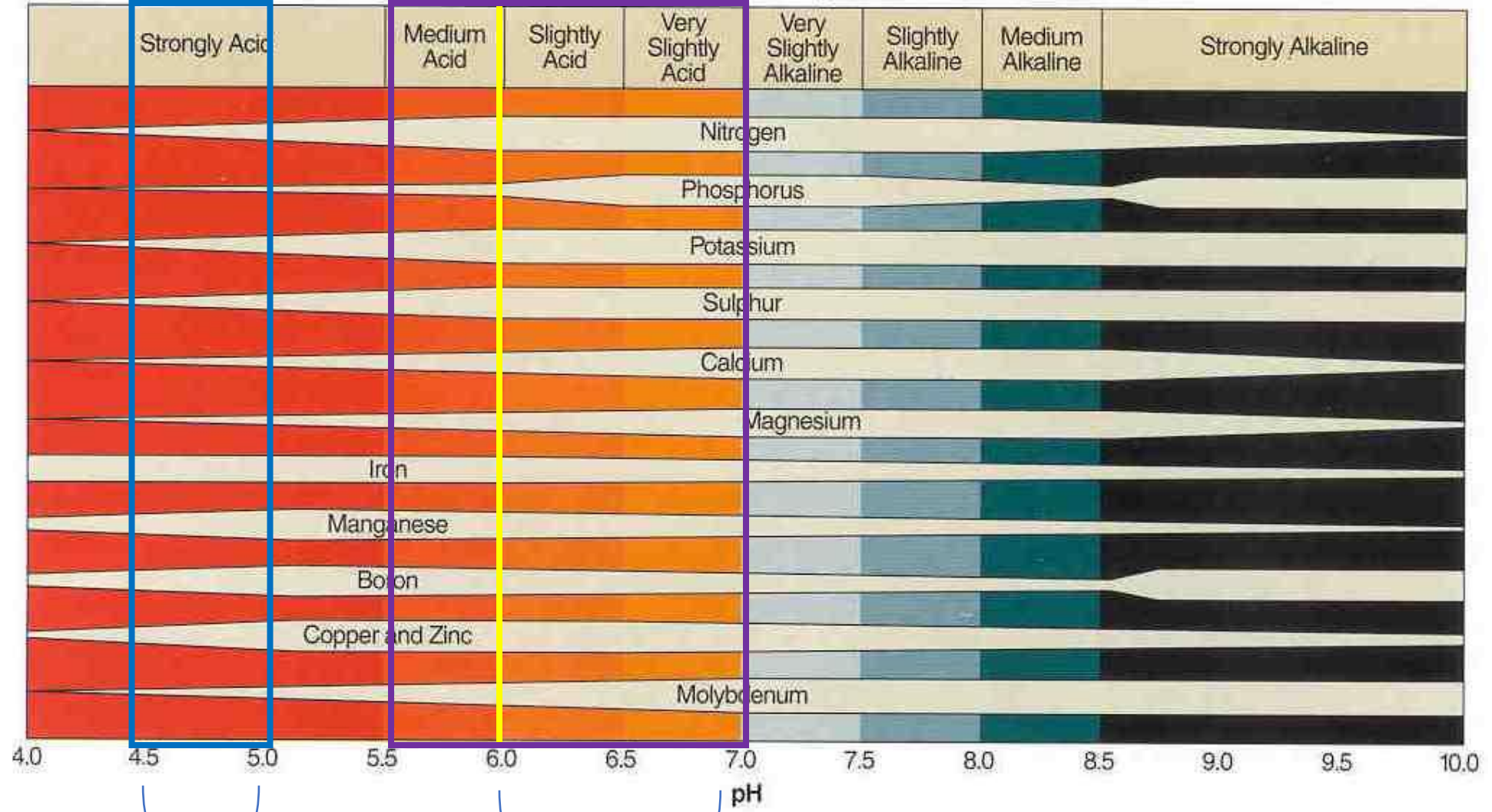
# Developing fertilizer programs takes into account:

- Soil pH & nutrient levels
- Tissue analysis
- Existing mineral nutrients in the soil
- Available water
- Ground management
- Climatic conditions



Photo: Mary Concklin

### How Soil pH Affects Availability of Plant Nutrients



Blueberries

Brambles & Strawberries

Grapes

Using visual symptoms  
Understanding nutrient mobility

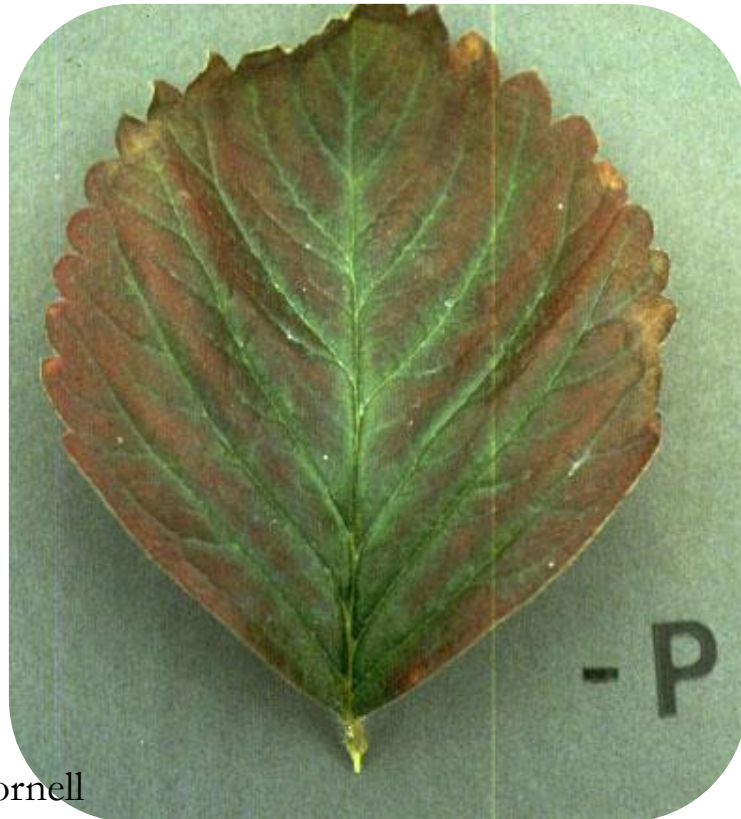


Photo: Marvin Pritts, Cornell



Photo: Mary Concklin



# University of Connecticut

## Department of Plant Science

Soil Nutrient Analysis Laboratory, 6 Sherman Place, Box U-102, Storrs, CT 06269-5102,  
 Phone : 860-486-4274, Fax : 860-486-4562.

<b>GROWER'S ADDRESS</b>		<b>SAMPLE ID</b>		
<div style="border: 1px solid black; width: 100%; height: 100%;"></div>		BLUEBERRIES		
		<b>LAB ID</b>	<b>RECEIVED</b>	<b>REPORTED</b>
		6455	09/02/09	09/09/09
		<b>SALES AGENT</b>		

### NUTRIENTS EXTRACTED FROM YOUR SOIL (MODIFIED MORGAN EXTRACTABLE)

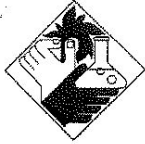
		BELOW OPTIMUM	OPTIMUM	ABOVE OPTIMUM
pH	6.4			
Calcium	3781 lbs/acre	*****	*****	*****
Magnesium	>500 lbs/acre	*****	*****	*****
Phosphorus	26 lbs/acre	*****	*****	***
Potassium	88 lbs/acre	*****		

<u>Element</u>	<u>ppm</u>	<u>Soil Range</u>
Boron (B)	0.20	0.1-2.0
Copper (Cu)	0.10	0.3-8.0
Iron (Fe)	3.60	1.0-40.0
Manganese (Mn)	1.40	3.0-20.0
Zinc (Zn)	0.90	0.1-70.0
Aluminum (Al)	32	10-300

Estimated Total Lead: Low, typical background levels

## Amount of Sulfur in Pounds per Acre Required to Lower Soil pH

Present pH of soil	Desired pH Value of 4.5		
	Sand	Loam	Clay
4.5	0.0	0.0	0.0
5.0	174	522	609
5.5	284	1054	1132
6.0	522	1524	1612
6.5	653	2003	2090
7.0	827	2526	2613
7.5	1001	3005	3093



# University of Connecticut Department of Plant Science

Soil Nutrient Analysis Laboratory, 6 Sherman Place, Box U-102, Storrs, CT 06269-5102,  
Phone : 860-486-4274, Fax : 860-486-4562.

GROWER'S ADDRESS			SAMPLE ID				
			RASP 1				
			LAB ID	RECEIVED	REPORTED		
			3936	04/23/12	05/01/12		
			SALES AGENT				

### NUTRIENTS EXTRACTED FROM YOUR SOIL (MODIFIED MORGAN EXTRACTABLE)

		BELOW OPTIMUM	OPTIMUM	ABOVE OPTIMUM
pH	6.9			
Calcium	>4000 lbs/acre	*****	*****	*****
Magnesium	472 lbs/acre	*****	*****	*****
Phosphorus	73 lbs/acre	*****	*****	*****
Potassium	>600 lbs/acre	*****	*****	*****



# University of Connecticut Department of Plant Science

Soil Nutrient Analysis Laboratory, 6 Sherman Place, Box U-102, Storrs, CT 06269-5102,  
Phone : 860-486-4274, Fax : 860-486-4562.

GROWER'S ADDRESS			SAMPLE ID				
			ELD3: 19 STRAWBERRY				
			LAB ID	RECEIVED	REPORTED		
			1380	04/04/13	04/08/13		
			SALES AGENT				
			DAVE POSTEMSKI				

### NUTRIENTS EXTRACTED FROM YOUR SOIL (MODIFIED MORGAN EXTRACTABLE)

		BELOW OPTIMUM	OPTIMUM	ABOVE OPTIMUM
pH	5.8			
Calcium	1570 lbs/acre	*****		
Magnesium	201 lbs/acre	*****		
Phosphorus	1 lbs/acre	***		
Potassium	178 lbs/acre	*****		

**LIMESTONE:** The target pH for strawberries is 6.3. Apply 1175 lbs. of ground limestone per acre. Thoroughly incorporate the recommended amount of limestone into the upper 6 to 8 inches of soil.

<b>Nutrient in excess</b>	<b>Induced deficiency</b>
Nitrogen	Potassium



<b>Nutrient in excess</b>	<b>Induced deficiency</b>
Nitrogen	Potassium
Potassium	Nitrogen, Calcium, Magnesium

<b>Nutrient in excess</b>	<b>Induced deficiency</b>
Nitrogen	Potassium
Potassium	Nitrogen, Calcium, Magnesium
Phosphorus	Potassium, Copper
Sodium	Potassium, Calcium, Magnesium
Calcium	Magnesium, Boron
Magnesium	Calcium, Potassium
Iron	Manganese
Manganese	Iron
Copper	Iron

- Available water



Photo: Mary Concklin

- Ground management
  - Compaction



Photo: Mary Concklin

- Ground management
  - Allow vegetation to grow



Photos: Mary Concklin

- Ground management
  - Mulch



Photos: Mary Concklin

- Ground management
  - Clean strip



Photos: Mary Concklin

- Ground management
  - Plastic/ landscape fabric



Photos: Mary Concklin



- Climatic conditions

- Moisture

- Heat



Soil microbial activity

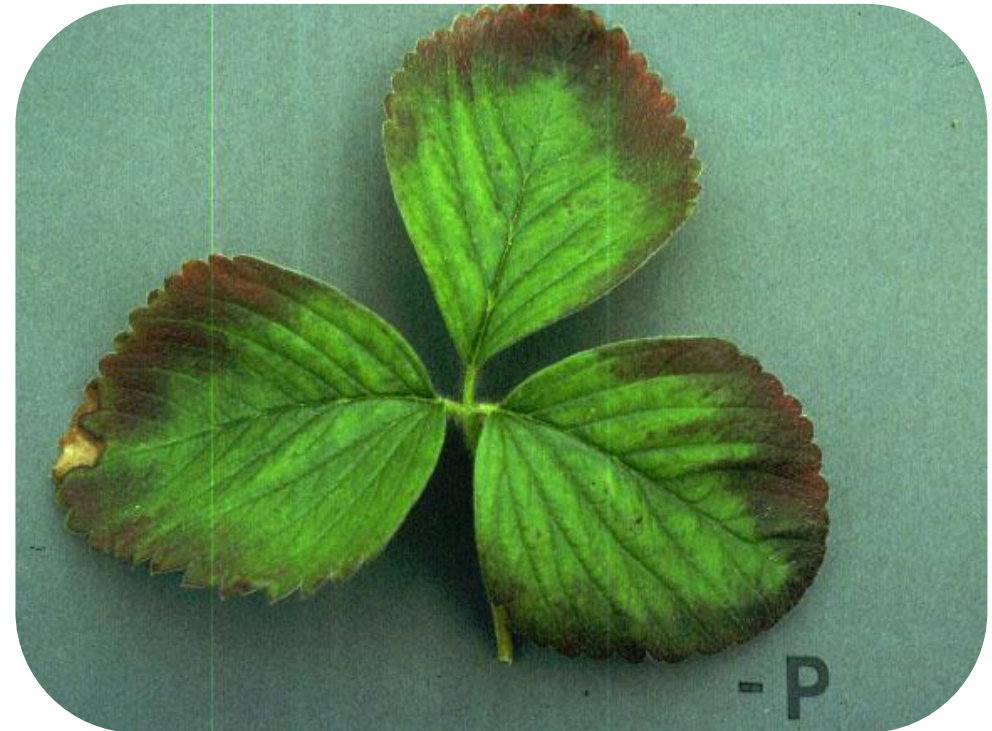


Photo: Marvin Pritts, Cornell

# Soil Testing

- Use same lab
- Will vary based on:
  - Topography
  - Cultivation practices
  - Time of year sampling
  - Prior applications of fertilizers, compost
  - Pesticides influence?
- Pre-plant and throughout planting lifespan
- Compost testing



University of Connecticut  
Department of Plant Science

Soil Nutrient Analysis Laboratory, 6 Sherman Place, Box U-102, Storrs, CT 06269-5102,

NUTRIENTS EXTRACTED FROM YOUR SOIL (MODIFIED MORGAN EXTRACTABLE)

		BELOW OPTIMUM	OPTIMUM	ABOVE OPTIMUM
pH	6.5			
Calcium	2456 lbs/acre	*****	*****	
Magnesium	383 lbs/acre	*****	*****	*****
Phosphorus	30 lbs/acre	*****	*****	*****
Potassium	113 lbs/acre	*****		

Element	ppm	Soil Range	
Boron (B)	0.20	0.1-2.0	Estimated Total Lead: Low, typical background levels
Copper (Cu)	0.20	0.3-8.0	
Iron (Fe)	2.70	1.0-40.0	
Manganese (Mn)	2.60	3.0-20.0	
Zinc (Zn)	2.40	0.1-70.0	
Aluminum (Al)	29	10-300	

LIME AND FERTILIZER RECOMMENDATIONS



**UConn Soil Nutrient Analysis Laboratory**

6 Sherman Place, Union Cottage, Unit 5102  
Storrs, CT 06269-5102  
860-486-4274  
soiltesting.cahnr.uconn.edu



EXTENSION & PLANT SCIENCE  
AND LANDSCAPE ARCHITECTURE

*\*\*Counties in several states have invasive pest QUARANTINES! If you live in these areas, there is an additional disposal fee of \$20 per sample. The USDA APHIS website has information regarding which US counties are quarantined.\*\**

How would you like to receive results?

Mail

Email

**Form For: Standard Commercial Vegetable, Fruit and Field Grown Nursery Crops**

See soil sampling instructions. Fill out this sheet and place in mailing envelop or small box along with your sample and a check made payable to UConn for the appropriate amount. Send to the above address.

Name:  Copy To:

Business:  Business:

Street Address:  Street Address:

Town, State & Zip:  Town, State & Zip:

Phone:  Phone:

Email:  Email:

Sample ID/Name <small>(choose a name you will remember)</small>	Crop code <small>Can Choose Multiple, Limited to 3 per sample. Scroll for list.</small>	Standard Nutrient Analysis <small>Includes pH (Enter \$15)</small>	Fee for extra tests <small>(Enter total cost if requested)</small>	Total Cost per sample	For Lab Use Only		
					LAB #	pH	Buffer pH
1.				\$ 0.00			
2.				\$ 0.00			
3.				\$ 0.00			
4.				\$ 0.00			
5.				\$ 0.00			
<b>Total Enclosed (check payable to UConn):</b>				<b>\$ 0.00</b>			

Add \$7 for organic matter

If you have specific problems that you want addresses by the horticulturists at the UConn Home & Garden Education Center, describe them here or on a separate sheet:

If submitting more than 5 samples, fill out and print **ADDITIONAL SOIL SAMPLES FORM**.

If requesting additional tests, like organic matter or soluble salts, fill out **ADDITIONAL TEST FORM**.

**View our discount Policy if submitting more than 10 samples for Standard Nutrient Analysis**

Office use only

\$ Received

check #



## PLANT ANALYSIS RESULTS

Client: Mary Concklin  
 PSLA  
 WB Young  
 Storrs, CT 06269  
 mary.concklin@uconn.edu

Copy to:

Date Received: 7-27-2018  
 Date Processed: 8-20-2018

Crop: Blueberries

Sample ID: T18-129

Lab ID: 18023 blueberry

Plant Nutrient	Sample Results	Sufficiency Range
Nitrogen (N) % Dry Weight	1.94	1.7 - 2.1
Phosphorus (P) % Dry Weight	0.13	0.10-0.40
Potassium (K) % Dry Weight	0.52	0.40-0.65
Calcium (Ca) % Dry Weight	0.56	0.30-0.80
Magnesium (Mg) % Dry Weight	0.18	0.15-0.30
Boron (B) PPM Dry Weight	78.00	30-70
Copper (Cu) PPM Dry Weight	2.20	5-20
Iron (Fe) PPM Dry Weight	90.30	60-200
Manganese (Mn) PPM Dry Weight	211.60	50-350
Molybdenum (Mo) PPM Dry Weight	0.0	No data
Zinc (Zn) PPM Dry Weight	11.20	8-30
<b>Non-Essential Elements</b>		
Sodium (Na) % Dry Weight	0.01	No data
Aluminum (Al) PPM Dry Weight	95.60	120-160
Lead (Pb) PPM Dry Weight	0	No data , Ideal value would be 0

Values based on sample consisting of 75 mature leaves from new growth collected during summer.  
 From: Berry Soil and Nutrient Management Guide, M. Pritts, C. Heidenreich, L. McDermott & J. Millers (editors) Cornell University, NY www.sare.org and  
 Mills, H. A. and J. B. Jones, Jr. 1996. Plant Analysis Handbook II. MicroMacro Publishing. Athens, Georgia.

Cost \$30

# Foliar – Petiole Analysis

- Timing: when nutrient levels are most stable

Crop	Timing
Strawberry – June bearers	Renovation
Bramble	Late July-Early August
Blueberry	Late July-Early August
Currents/Gooseberries	Late July-Early August
Grapes	Bloom or Veraison

# Nutrient concentration as affected by time throughout the growing season

<b><u>Decreases</u></b> Higher concentrations early	<b>Most Elements are Stable</b>	<b><u>Increases</u></b> Higher concentrations later
Nitrogen	Magnesium	Calcium
Phosphorus (slight)	Iron	Manganese
Potassium	Copper	
Boron		

# Foliar and Petiole Analysis

- Results will vary with plant stresses
  - Water
  - Crop load
  - Pest injury
- Will vary with pesticide use
  - Ziram, Copper, Sulfur
- Will vary from cultural practices
- Troubleshooting visual or perceived problems
  - 2 samples

Nutrient	Foliar Results	Sufficiency Range
N %	2.17	1.7 – 2.1
P %	0.09	0.1 – 0.4
K %	0.28	0.4 – 0.65
Ca %	0.58	0.3 – 0.8
Mg %	0.15	0.15 – 0.3
B ppm	20.3	30 - 70
Cu ppm	6.6	5 - 20
Fe ppm	39.4	60 - 200
Mn ppm	111.2	50 - 350
Zn ppm	14.5	8 - 30

## Mature Blueberry



Photo: Mary Concklin



Nutrient	Foliar Results	Sufficiency Range
N %	2.17	1.7 – 2.1
P %	0.09	0.1 – 0.4
K %	0.28	0.4 – 0.65
Ca %	0.58	0.3 – 0.8
Mg %	0.15	0.15 – 0.3
B ppm	20.3	30 - 70
Cu ppm	6.6	5 - 20
Fe ppm	39.4	60 - 200
Mn ppm	111.2	50 - 350
Zn ppm	14.5	8 - 30

## Mature Blueberry



Photo: Mary Concklin

	Soil Results	Sufficiency Range
<b>pH</b>	4.6	4.5 – 5.0
<b>Ca lbs</b>	187	1000 - 1800
<b>K lbs</b>	257	150 – 200 (grape), 240-360 (straw, rasp)
<b>Al ppm</b>	364.5	< 300
<b>B ppm</b>	0.0	0.35 – 0.75

# Problems with guessing:

- Multiple deficiencies may exist
- Symptoms similar for deficiency & excesses
- Guessing may result in
  - Inadequate or excessive plant vigor
  - Over or under nutrient applications
  - Poor fruit set
  - Reduced fruit quality
  - Misdiagnosis
- Costs you \$\$\$
- Visual symptoms = damage already done

Photo: Mary Concklin



# Long Term Management Decisions

- Supplemental water during dry periods
- Foliar analysis annually
- Soil analysis every 2-4 years - same lab
- Combine both for fine-tuned fertilizer programs
  - Crop load
  - Cultural practices
- Past experience
- Comparing results from year to year will show a reliable trend

Thank you ☺

[mary.concklin@uconn.edu](mailto:mary.concklin@uconn.edu)